

éDumbe Local Municipality

"The Most Beautiful Part of KZN"



FINAL 2021-2022

WARD BASED PLAN

WARD 1

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1. SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS (WARD PROFILE)

ÉDumbe Local Municipality is one of five Category B Municipalities within the Zululand District. It is located on the north of the province of KwaZulu-Natal. ÉDumbe forms the southern end of Zululand District and the province of KwaZulu Natal. It is bounded by Abaqulusi and UPhongolo Municipalities to the south and the east within the District (Zululand Municipality), with EMadlangeni Municipality of Amajuba District Municipality to the west, and bordered by UMKhondo Local Municipality, Mpumalanga Province in the immediate north. ÉDumbe Municipality, covers a geographical area of 1 947 km² of KwaZulu-Natal, is home to a population of about **89 416**, and is demarcated into 8 wards which is predominantly rural in nature. Furthermore, the éDumbe Municipal area comprises of 52 settlements in total, which includes 48 dispersed rural settlements, 3 urban areas and one major town. The major town/urban centre are Paulpietersburg / Dumbe, located in relation to the provincial road and rail networks.

1.1 DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

1.1.1 Total Population

Black African	Coloured	Indian or Asian	White	Other	Unspecified	Total
12194	4	10	494	8	0	12711

The table above indicates that a large population group in ward 1 is dominated by Black African with more than 70% of the ward population and follow by White population group.

1.1.2 Number and composition of households

Type of main dwelling - main	
House or brick/concrete block structure on a separate stand or yard	891
Traditional dwelling/hut/structure made of traditional materials	1126
Flat or apartment in a block of flats	53
Cluster house in complex	0
Town house (semi-detached house in complex)	3
Semi-detached house	0
House/flat/room in back yard	15
Informal dwelling/shack in back yard	10
Informal dwelling/shack NOT in back yard; e.g. in an informal/squatter settlement or on farm	5
Room/flat let on a property or a larger dwelling/servants 'quarters/granny flat	131
Caravan or tent	7
Other	3
Unspecified	20
Not applicable	7
Total	2270

The table above indicates number and composition of households. The composition of households is dominated by Traditional dwelling/hut/structure made of traditional materials. The number of households is **2270** in total.

1.1.3 Gender split

Sex	
Male	6251
Female	6460
Total	12711

The table indicates that a large population group in ward 1 is dominated by females with 58.5% of the ward population while males constitutes only 41.5%.The imbalance in terms of gender split distribution across the ward has a number of implications for planning.

1.1.4 Age break down

Age in completed years	
0 - 14 (Children)	4938
15 - 34 (Youth)	4536
35 - 64 (Adults)	2677
65 + (Elderly)	562
TOTAL	12711

The table above shows that between the age of 0 to 14 years the population of this ward is more, and most of young people are heading the household are from 15 to 34 years old and are follow by 35 to 64 years of age that heading the household.

1.2 Socio-Economic ANALYSIS

1.2.1 Educational levels (including location of ECD centers)

Educational levels	
Pre-School	17
School	3456
Special School	14
Further Education and Training	33
Other College	9
Higher Educational Institution	68
Adult Basic Education and Training Centre	69
Literacy classes	7
Home based education/home schooling	13
Not applicable	9025
Total	12711

The table above does indicate that most of the population in the ward does not finish school or go to Higher Educational Institution. Most of the children do go to school but due to the financial challenges and the distance there cover to go to school is a problem in this ward.

1.2.2 Employment status

Employment status	
Employed	2504
Unemployed	613
Discouraged work-seeker	504
Other not economically active	3591
Not applicable	5500
Total	12711

Most of the population in this ward are not willing to go and seek employment elsewhere. The table indicate that about **2504** people are working and **3591** are not economically active.

1.2.3 Sector of employment

Most of the population in this ward works at farms and all their income come from farming or working for farmers. And some are employed at Clinic, Cool making firm that is in the ward. The ward is characterized economically by low income earners and large number of population get grants and most is unemployed people.

1.2.4 Level of occupation

The level of occupation in this ward is by Forestry, Teaching and farming (stock farming, cows, goat and pigs).

There are three government projects in this ward which employs youth from destitute household to cut grass, change street light bulbs and do maintenance in the ward. The Department of Health employs people from low income households for Community Care Givers.

1.2.5 Household income

Household income	
No income	4665
R 1 - R 4800	3905
R 4801 - R 9600	668
R 9601 - R 19200	2290
R 19201 - R 38400	328
R 38401 - R 76800	103
R 76801 - R 153600	93
R 153601 - R 307200	97
R 307201 - R 614400	46
R 614401- R 1228800	6
R 1228801 - R 2457600	6
R2457601 or more	17
Unspecified	466
Not applicable	21
Total	12711

The table above indicate that most of the household income come from Government social grants and it show by **R1 - R 4800** and it follow by those working at the private sector that earn more and it shows in the table above and number of people in this ward there income does not show were does it come from.

1.3 INFRASTRUCTURE ANALYSIS

1.3.1 Access to water and potable water

Access to water and potable water	
Piped (tap) water inside the dwelling	463
Piped (tap) water inside the yard	414
Piped (tap) water on community stand: distance less than 200m from dwelling	169
Piped (tap) water to community stand: distance less than 200m and 500m from dwelling	49
Piped (tap) water to community stand: distance less than 500m and 1000m from dwelling	15
Piped (tap) water on community stand: distance greater than 1000m (1 km) from dwelling	33
No access to piped (tap) water	1107
Unspecified	20
Total	2270

The table above shows that the population of this ward does not have access to piped(tap) water and the people has piped (tap) water inside the dwelling and on community stand. Less people that have piped(tap) water inside the yard.

In terms of the Water Services Act of 1997 the Zululand District Municipality is the water services authority for its area of jurisdiction which includes ward 1.The Zululand District Municipality is also the water services provider within the service area of the eDumbe Municipality.

1.3.2 Sanitation levels

Sanitation levels	
None	649
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system)	124
Flush toilet (with septic tank)	100
Chemical toilet	300
Pit latrine with ventilation (VIP)	562
Pit latrine without ventilation	468
Bucket latrine	22
Other	25
Unspecified	20
Total	2270

The table above shows that in some places of this ward it does not have toilets and there is still using pit latrine with ventilation toilets. And some are using chemical toilets pit latrine without ventilation.

1.3.3 Energy usage

Energy usage	
Electricity	360
Gas	66
Paraffin	15
Wood	1788
Coal	12
Animal dung	0
Solar	1
Other	2
None	5
Unspecified	20
Total	2270

The table above indicate that most people in this ward still use wood for energy cooking and heating while some use electricity cooking and some still use gas.

1.3.4 Telecommunication

The Post Office provide postal services for all the wards in Dumbe with satellite post boxes in this ward. However, the satellite post boxes in this area is currently not operating.

At the moment the community of this ward are engage in identifying secured areas where post boxes can be built.

However a backlog was identified because the post boxes in this rural area are limited and not widely distributed.

Having seen the situation Post Office has embarked on a programmed of delivering the mail posts in each and every door in all the houses in this ward.

Telkom, Vodacom, MTN and Cell C are four service providers that provide telecommunication services in this ward all surrounding areas. The communication access is very limited in this area and some areas are covered in terms of network coverage whilst the large population is not covered hence there is a need for intervention.

The Municipality is currently in negotiations with Vodacom and MTN regarding the improvement of telecommunication infrastructure such as network towers that can provide network to all population in the ward.

1.3.5 Refuse removal

Refuse or rubbish	
Removed by local authority at least once a week	13
Removed by local authority less often	25
Communal refuse dump	15
Own refuse dump	1579
No rubbish disposal	605
Other	13
Unspecified	20
Total	2270

The table above indicate that the population of this ward still dump their own refuse and no rubbish disposal in this ward.

1.3.6 Mode of transport

The mode of transport in this ward is by taxi services and there are no bus services in the ward. A large percentage of the population of this ward about 49% answered in the applicable category to this question, possibly indicating the low levels of employment in the area.

There is one informal Taxi Rank located in the Municipality and is services the entire municipality area including ward 1.

The site is off-street however there is insufficient space to accommodate all the taxis 'especially peak periods where the taxis 'and commuters spill over into the streets.

1.3.7 Tenure status

Tenure status	
Rented	349
Owned but not yet paid off	81
Occupied rent-free	1346
Owned and fully paid off	412
Other	56
Unspecified	20
Not applicable	7
Total	2270

The table indicate that most of the population in this area owned their own houses and there are no rent needed in this ward. Because is a rural which mean there do not pay rate and taxes and some their fully paid off their bond or loan from the banks.

2. SPATIAL ORIENTATION

2.1 RURAL LAND/INGONYAMA TRUST LAND/URBAN AREA

Geo type	
Urban area	0
Tribal or Traditional area	0
Farm area	12711
Total	12711

The table shows that ward 1 is a farm area and has Traditional Authority Area of scattered rural settlement that is administrated by the Ingonyama Trust, namely: Sibisi Traditional Authority.

2.2 WARD EXTEND IN HA

Ward	Councilor	Area (Sq.Km)	Households	Population	Settlements
1	Cllr.D Mngomezulu	776.227	2 270	12 711	30

Ward 1 is a home to a population of about **12 711** and demarcated into one ward which is predominantly rural in nature. This ward is extend in **776.227** Ha/Sq.Km and is comprise of 30 settlements.

2.3 SUB-AREAS IN THE WARD

SETTLEMENTS	
• Obivane	• Luneburg
• Nkonkotho	• Ezingudeni
• Lenjane	• KwaSteshi/Ehloko
• Eloyi	• Rooipoort
• Jabula	• Koto
• Khambula Mission	• Ematafuleni
• KwaLembe	• Schikhoel
• Brecher	• Tholwethu
• Titane	• Ntshakwe
• Mhlomone	• Bhinika
• KwaSonkela	• Mpenvaan
• Esbuzane	• Obivanyana
• eMkhuphane	• Vaal kop
• Ndabambi	• KwaPoti
• Khombela	• Grootspuit

The table shows that this ward is comprise of +-30 sub-areas in the ward. This ward is predominantly rural in nature.

3. COMMUNITY NEEDS ANALYSIS

3.1 ROADS

3.1.1 Existing road network (access)

District Roads	Provincial Roads
• D 228	• P 44
• D 597	• P 40
• D 351	• P 332
• D 229	• P 357
• D 696	• P 303
• D 350	

The table above indicate that these are the roads that are existing in this ward. The maintenance of these roads is done by District and Provincial Government.

3.1.2 Road upgrade

For all the above roads none of them will be upgrade but according to the consultation with ward councillor we noted that they will priorities, at ward 1 their will do access road only for the financial year ending 2021/2022.

According to ward community meeting it was noted that the community members from following areas, Mpenvaan, Esbuzane, Obivanyana, eMkhuphane, Ndabambi, kwaPoti and Vaal kop has identified electricity, Network Aerial and Pension points as a priority that were considered in 2020/2021 and again will be considered in 2021/20202.

3.1.3 éDumbe Electricity Service Delivery Mandate

It was noted that the Community members through Community meetings identified the following Electricity projects as a priority. We have an approved budget from Department of Energy of **R16 Million** for the financial year 2021/22.

Table 1: éDumbe Proposed 2021-2022 Electricity Service Delivery Mandate Projects

WARD	Name of Project	Proposed Budget	Project Code
Ward 1	Kwa Sonkela Electrification	R5 500 000	Edu/ INEP- 01/ 2021/ 22

Table 2: éDumbe Proposed 2020-2021 Electricity Service Delivery Mandate Projects

IDP NUMBER	WARD	PROJECT NAME	CONNECTIONS	FUNDER	BUDGET
INEP/02/2020/21	WARD 1	KWASONKELA ELECTRIFICATION PHASE 1	170	DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	R 4 851 754
INEP/04/2020/21	WARD 1	OBIVANE ELECTRIFICATION PHASE 1 (CLOSE OUT)	40	DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	R 656 166

Table 3: eDumbe Current Electricity Service Delivery Mandate Projects Progress

WARD 1					
Current INEP Projects					
Project Name	Service Provider	Connections	Status	Comment	Budget
Lenjane Electrification	GoldRod Electrical	128	Complete	Project Complete and Energised	R1 786 780,45
Nkonkotho Electrification	Sibgem Engineers	149	Complete	Project Complete and Energised	R 4 288 730,54
Obivane Electrification (Phase 1)	Sibgem Engineers	129	Awaiting Eskom Outages	Project in construction, to be completed by 30 June 2020.	R4 104 951,61
Kwasonkela Electrification - Designs	Siyathemba Engineers	150	Complete	Designs Complete	R 320 000,00

3.2 WATER PROVISION/MAINTENANCE OF BOREHOLES

With regards to water and sanitation provision in ward 1 area the Municipality is playing a coordination role whilst the Zululand District Municipality is a Water Service Authority.

In striving to provide water and sanitation to the municipalities effective and adequately, Zululand District Municipality developed a 5 years Water Services Development Plan (2017/2021) which was adopted in May 2017 and is reviewed annually and adopted with the IDP.

The area of eDumbe has one regional water scheme that has been developed to roll-out water supply to the whole wards areas. The scheme is referred to as Simdlangentshe West Regional Scheme. Simdlangentshe West Regional Scheme has sustainable water source from the nearby Pongola River.

3.3 SANITATION

Sanitation in ward 1 area is being provided in the form of dry-pit VIP toilets as per the rural sanitation RDP standards which embraces at least 1 dry-pit VIP toilets per household.

The strategy is to implement this rural sanitation simultaneously with the roll-out of water services. This will ensure a most effective impact with health and hygiene awareness training.

3.4 CLINICS

Ward 1 is one of the lucky ward that have 1 clinic in the area and there also have 1 mobile clinic which gives them two clinic for now. According to the information obtained from the Community Health Centre this service is expected to be expanded in the future.

The households whose distance is further then 5KM from clinic is considered as a backlog, therefore more clinic are required and for every 100 000 people 1 hospital facility should be provided, therefore 1 hospital is required for èDumbe as a whole.

3.5 CREATION OF JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Government has intervenc in this ward, there are three government projects in the ward: EPWP,CWP and CCG.The EPWP and CWP are both employed youth from destitute households to cut grass, change street light bulbs and do maintenance in the ward.

These programmes are means of providing employment as important aspect of addressing poverty alleviation within the ward.

The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) is a national programme covering all spheres of government and state owned entities and it is aimed at the provision of additional work opportunities coupled with training.

The Department of Health has employed people from low income households as Community Care Givers.

3.6 OTHER NEEDS - PLEASE SPECIFY

In this ward there are great needs for the following things:

- Electricity in difference settlements like Mpenvana, Esbuzane and Obivanyana.
- Network Aerial in the following settlements eMkhuphane, Vaal kop. Ndabambi and KwaPoti.
- Housing Project in eKombele about 147 units needed.
- Pension Pay Point in all settlements in the ward.
- Secondary or High School is needed in this area and Pre-School/Crèche.

3.6.1 éDumbe Current Service Delivery Projects Progress

The following Table shows the status of the Current Projects.

Table 4: éDumbe MIG Projects Progress

1 PROJECT: MDWADLAZA PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE WARD 1		ENGINEER:DLV ENGINEERS AND PROJECT MANAGERS		CONTRACTOR:MKF TRADING AND PROJECTS	
Budget: R3 200 000.00	Expenditure: R 350 437.20	Balance: R 2 849 956.30		Start Date: 04-12-2020	End Date: 30 June 2021
Scope of Works	Progress:35%	Outstanding Works	Challenges	Proposed Solutions	
Construction of a new pedestrian Bridge	Contractor is busy with excavation for base.	Will advice towards the practical completion stage of the project.	Initial position of the bridge was completely changed due to land owner's issues. Thus call for redesigns which increase cost and delay project. EIA is a challenge	New site was found.	

PROJECT: NKKONKOTHO PENSION POINT WARD 1		ENGINEER: VANGISA PROJECTS		CONTRACTOR:MELAOKUHLE TRADING ENTERPRISE	
Budget: R2 000 000.00	Expenditure: R 1 818 076.69	Balance: R 184 923.31	Start Date: 15/08/19	End Date: 30/06/20	
Scope of Works	Progress:94%	Outstanding Works	Challenges	Proposed Solutions	
Earthworks, Concrete work, Masonry,Roofing,Plastering, Doors and Windows, Floor Coverings ,Office,Kitchen,Veranda ,Ceilings, Painting, Fencing ,Electrical work, Parkings ,Plumbing and Drainage	On Main Building: Tiling is complete. On Ablution Facilities: Installation of Windows is complete.	Main Building: Cleaning On Ablution Facilities: Cleaning	The contractor abandoned the site without advancing any reason and the project has been standstill for a while but now the contractor has returned to site.	The agreement was made during the site meeting in the presence of the Municipality, the project engineer and the contractor that the anticipated completion date is 15 March 2021	

3.7 COMMUNITY NEEDS PRIORITISATION

3.7 WARD NEED PRIORITIZATION

3.7.1 Broad Based Community Needs (priority projects per ward)

Table 5: Broad Base Community Needs

Ward	Priorities	Areas / Settlements / Izigodi
1	KwaThimu Pedestrian Bridge Electricity (KwaSonkela) Water (ZDM) jojo tanks and boreholes Access Roads	

Table 6: Ward-Base Community Needs (IDP & Budget Road Shows)

Ward 1 Wish-List – IDP Road-Shows	
Electricity(KwaSonkela) Pension point shelters Boarding School and High School Bursary Electricity (Mpenvaan) Water (Esbuzane, Obivanyana, eMkhuphane) Roads (Mpenvaan, Vaalkop) Speed humps (Ndabambi) Housing Projects – RDP/Thubelisha Lightning conductors Transport for learners Crèche (eMkhuphane)	Job opportunities Netball ground, poles and ball (KwaPoti) Toilets Transport for learners from Khombela to Grootspuit school Ezixeni Sport Field need revamp Youth skill developments Agriculture (ukulinyelwa) Job opportunity for widows (Zibambele) Network Tower KwaThimu Pedestrian Bridge Road P303 Betterment

3.7.2 éDumbe Proposed Projects Priorities (CIr Informed)

According to Ward Councillor's consultations, it was noted that they prioritised the projects as follows from 2021/2022 going forward.

Table 7: éDumbe Councilors' Informed Project Priorities

WARD	2017/18 PROJECTS	2018/19 PROJECTS	2019/20 PROJECTS	2020/21 PROJECTS	2021/22 PROJECTS
1	Izingudeni Pedestrian Bridge	Luneburg Community Hall	Nkonkotho Pension Point	Mdwadlaza Pedestrian Bridge	KwaThimu Pedestrian Bridge

3.7.3 EDumbe Proposed Service Delivery Mandate Projects

According to Ward Community meetings, it was noted that the members from the following areas has identified projects as a priority that are considered from 2017 to 2022. The following projects have received funding from different sector departments for the 2021/2022 financial year.

Table 8: eDumbe CAPEX MIG Proposed Projects 2021-2022

	Name of Project	Project Code
Ward 1	KwaThimu Pedestrian Bridge	Edu/ MIG- 01/ 2021/ 22

According to Ward Community meetings, it was noted that the members from the following areas has identified pedestrian bridge as a priority that were considered in **2020/2021 and 2021/2022**.

Pedestrian Bridge that will be constructed in these areas will facilitate easy access for ambulances, funeral, undertakers, police and Teachers. This will also improve social cohesion in the Society.

3.8 OSS PROGRAMMES IN WARDS

The following table provides with Programmes for the 1st Quarter on Operation Sukuma Sakhe

The OSS Programme of Action

ACTIVITY	TIME FLAME
Planning meeting for Science and technology Minister visit at eDumbe area	08/2020
Local Aids Council meeting	07/2020
Local Task Team Meeting	07/2020
District Champion meeting with District task team	07/2020
Debriefing for public service voluntary week. .	07/2020
War room visit by SMS Members All war rooms found functional but it was the strengthening of the departmental intervention support	07/2020
Mandela Activity at School in ward 08	07/2020
War room 02 and 04 meeting	06/2020
Local Aids Council Meeting for train all ward aids committees	08/2020
LTT with OTP Meeting Planning for Mandela day event as it was re-schedule	08/2020
Dry- run for Premiers visit at Bilanyoni ward 04	08/2020
Young Women's dialog by Science and technology Minister	08/2020
Schools governing body road show	08/2020
Community engagement program on focal impact by OTP and Treasure	08/2020
Community engagement program on focal impact by OTP and Treasure	08/2020
Ward aids committee training	09/2020
District task team meeting	09/2020
Coordinators meeting	09/2020
Outbreak response meeting on Gastro	09/2020

4. DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

4.1 WARD VISION

“By 2030 éDumbe will be a livable, economically progressive municipality and a gateway to KwaZulu-Natal”

4.2 STRATEGIES IN LINE WITH PGDS GOALS AND KPAs OF IDP BASED ON COMMUNITY NEEDS

4.2.1 Cross Cutting issues

- Indicate land uses in ward

Table 9: Disaster management specify hazardous areas in the ward

Potential Hazards or Hazardous Events	Category	Peak Season	Vulnerability	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Profile
Floods	Natural	Summer	High	Likely	Moderate	High
House fires	Man-Induced	Winter	Medium	Possible	Minor	Medium
Veld/Forest fires	Man-Induced	Winter	Medium	Possible	Minor	Medium
Heavy rainfall	Natural	Summer	High	Likely	Moderate	High
Landslide	Natural	Summer	High	Unlikely	Minor	Low
Transport accident	Technological	All year	Medium	Possible	Minor	Medium
Hazmat spillages	Technological	All year	High	Rare	Minor	Low
Animal and plant disease	Biological	All year	Medium	Possible	Minor	Medium
Epidemic human	Biological	All year	Medium	Possible	Moderate	Medium

disease						
Drought	Natural	Summer	High	Rare	Minor	Low
Lightning	Natural	Summer	Medium	Rare	Minor	Low
Strong wind	Natural	Summer	Medium	Possible	Minor	Medium

Definition of ratings

Very High Risks:

These risks are classed as primary or critical risks requiring immediate attention. They may have a high or probable likelihood of occurrence and their potential consequences are such that they must be treated as a high priority. This may mean that strategies should be developed to reduce or eliminate the risks and that mitigation in the form of (multi-agency) planning; exercising and training for these hazards should be put in place and monitored on a regular basis. Consideration should be given to specific planning to the risk rather than generic.

High Risks: These risks are classed as significant. They may have high or low likelihood of occurrence, however their potential consequences are sufficiently serious to warrant appropriate consideration, after those risks classed as 'very high' are addressed.

Consideration should be given to the development of strategies to reduce or eliminate the risks, and that mitigation in the form of (multi-agency) generic planning, exercising and training should be put in place and monitored on a regular basis.

Medium Risks: These risks are less significant, however may cause upset and inconvenience in the short-term. These risks should be monitored to ensure that they are being appropriately managed and consideration given to their management under generic emergency planning arrangements.

Low Risks: These risks are both unlikely to occur and not significant in their impact. They should be managed using normal or generic planning arrangements and require minimal monitoring and control unless subsequent risk assessments show a substantial change, prompting a move to another risk category.

- Environmental management (are there also wetland areas in the ward?)

4.2.2 Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development

- Skills profile in the ward of unemployed community members

4.2.3 Local Economic Development

- Number of cooperatives in the ward
- Economic profile of the ward (are there any factories/small businesses /informal traders?)
- Radical Economic Transformation
- o Enterprise development initiatives /plans

- o Contract development initiatives/plans
- o Database of local service providers located within the ward.
- o Are there functional safety forums in the ward?

4.2.4 Good Governance and Public Participation

- Specify frequency of community meetings in the ward



WAR ROOMS, LTT AND LAC SCHEDULE OF MEETING 2021/22



OSS Programme of Action (Programmes)

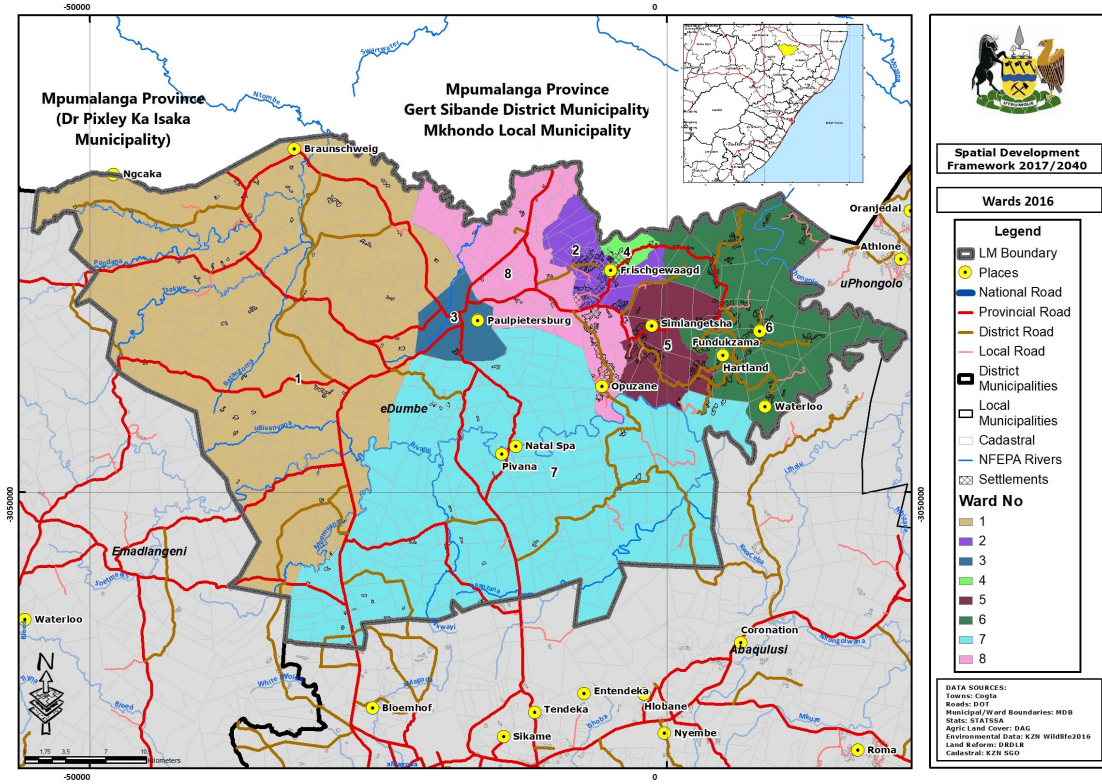
The following table provides with Programmes on Operation Sukuma Sakhe

Table 10: The OSS Programme of Action

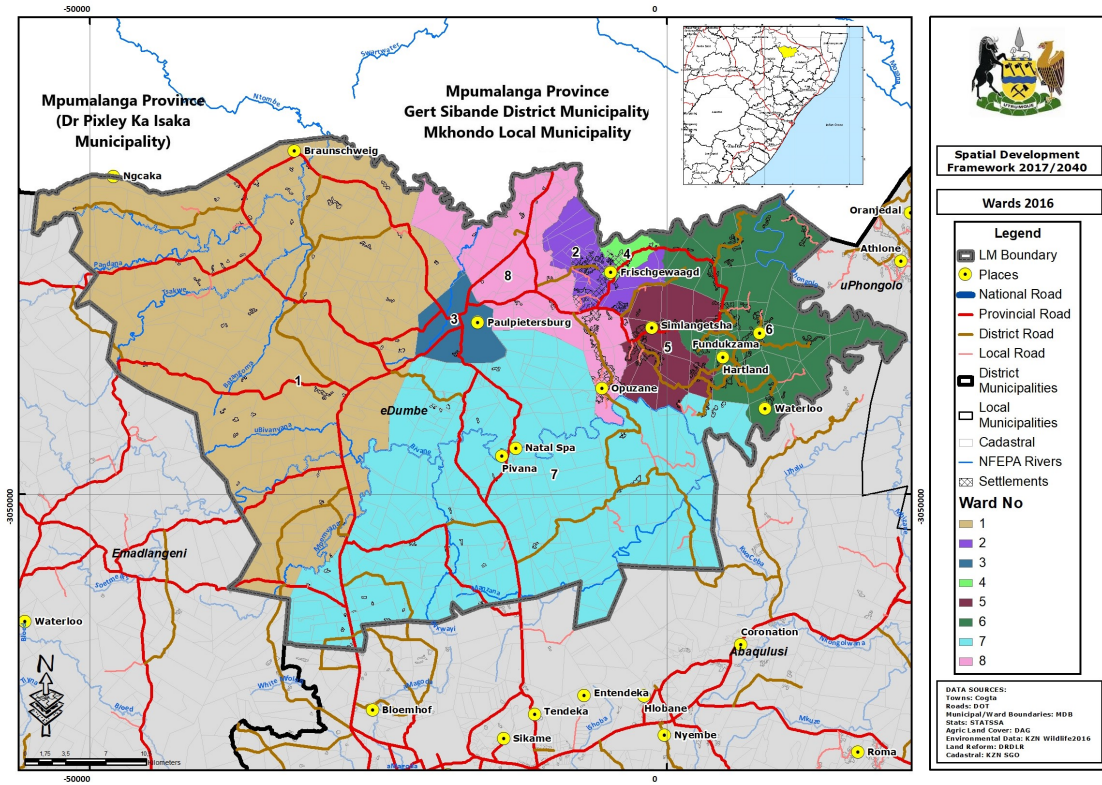
	Ward Number	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN
		2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2022
CIlr Mngomezulu	WARD 1	04	05	02	05	03	02	04	02	01	03	02	19
CIlr Maseko	WARD 2	13	11	07	12	09	11	12	09	06	10	04	21
Hon Speaker CIlr Hlatshwayo	WARD 3	04	05	02	05	03	08	04	02	01	03	02	19
Hon Mayor CIlr Kunene	WARD 4	06	11	07	12	09	08	12	09	06	10	04	21
CIlr Mthethwa	WARD 5a THOLAKELE	13	17	09	14	12	16	14	10	08	12	02	26
CIlr Mthethwa	WARD 5b KWAVOVA	18	19	16	19	17	21	18	17	15	18	04	
CIlr Sukazi	WARD 6	18	17	09	14	12	16	14	10	08	12	02	26
CIlr Zulu	WARD 7	26	25	22	27	24	29	26	23	21	25	08	27
CIlr Vilakazi	WARD 8	28	25	22	26	24	29	26	23	21	25	08	27
Local Task Team /LAC meetings		26	26	29	27	25	30	27	30	28	11	01	27

5. MAPS

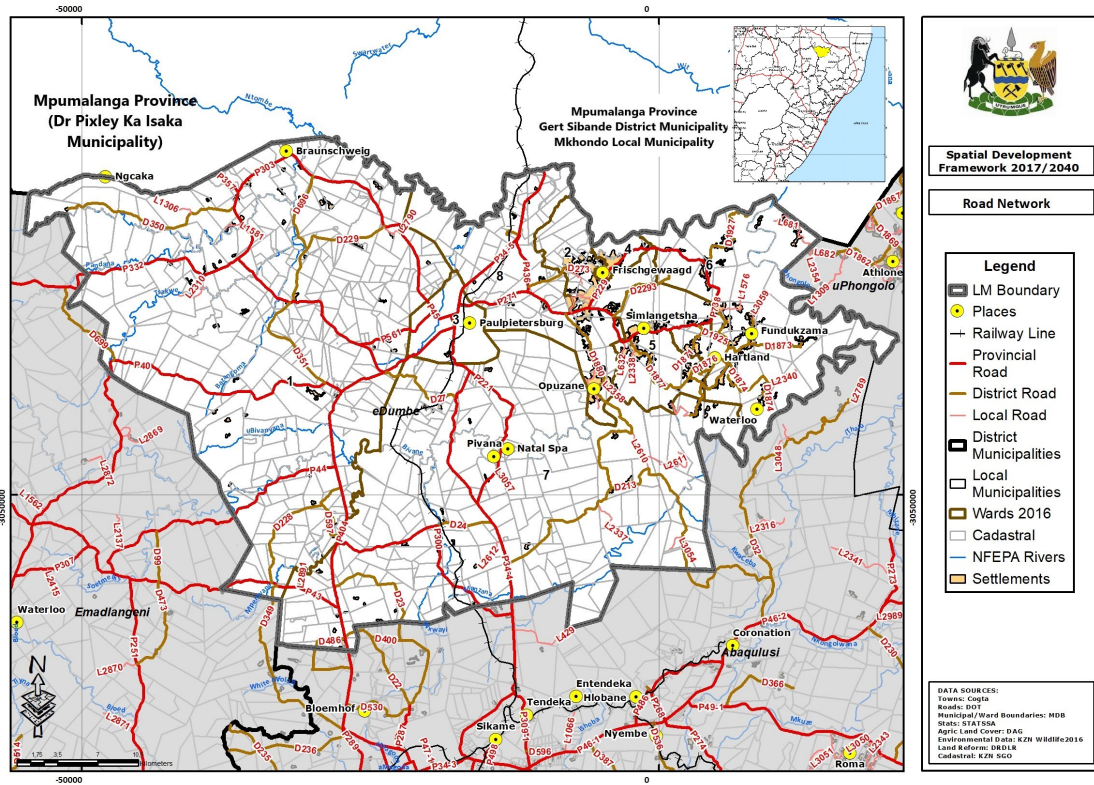
5.1 LOCATION OF THE WARD



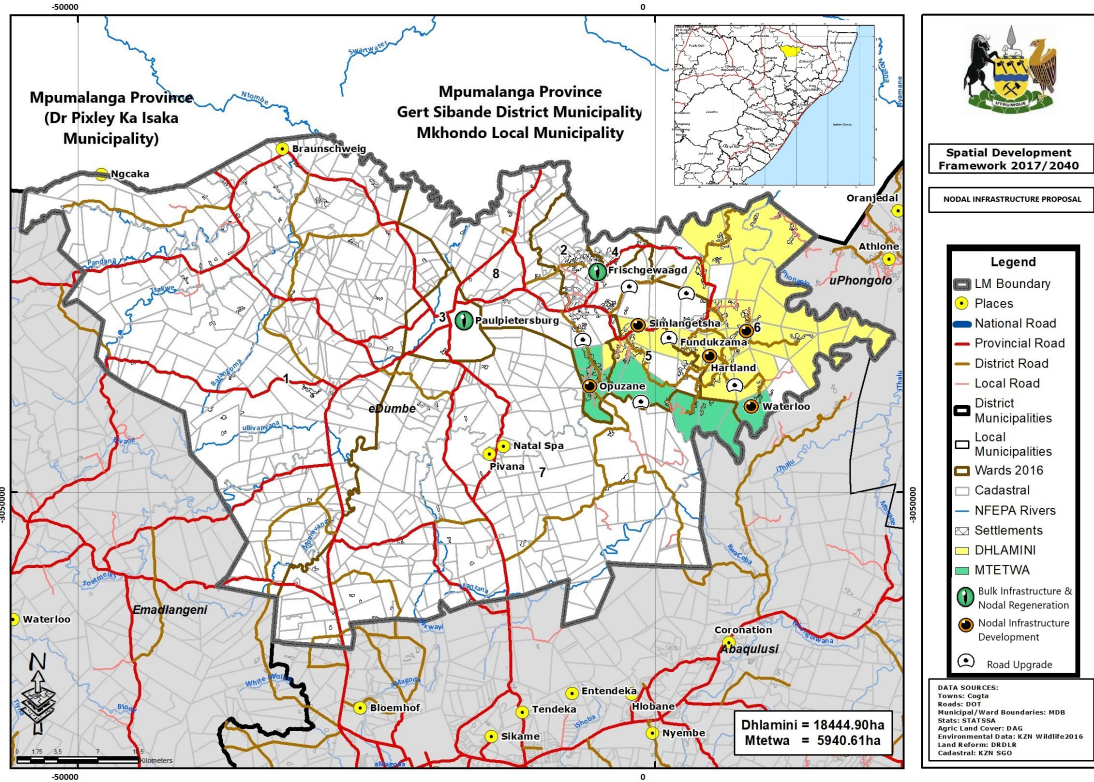
5.2 BOUNDARIES OF SUB-WARDS/AREAS



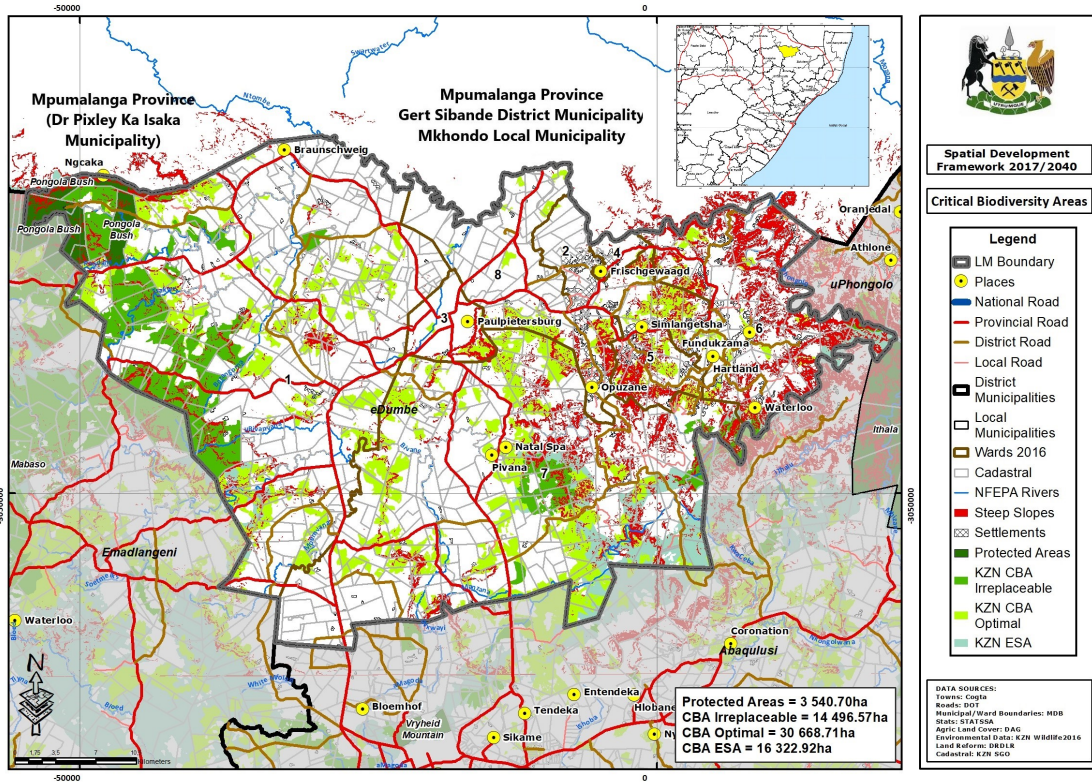
5.3 ROAD NETWORK AND NODES



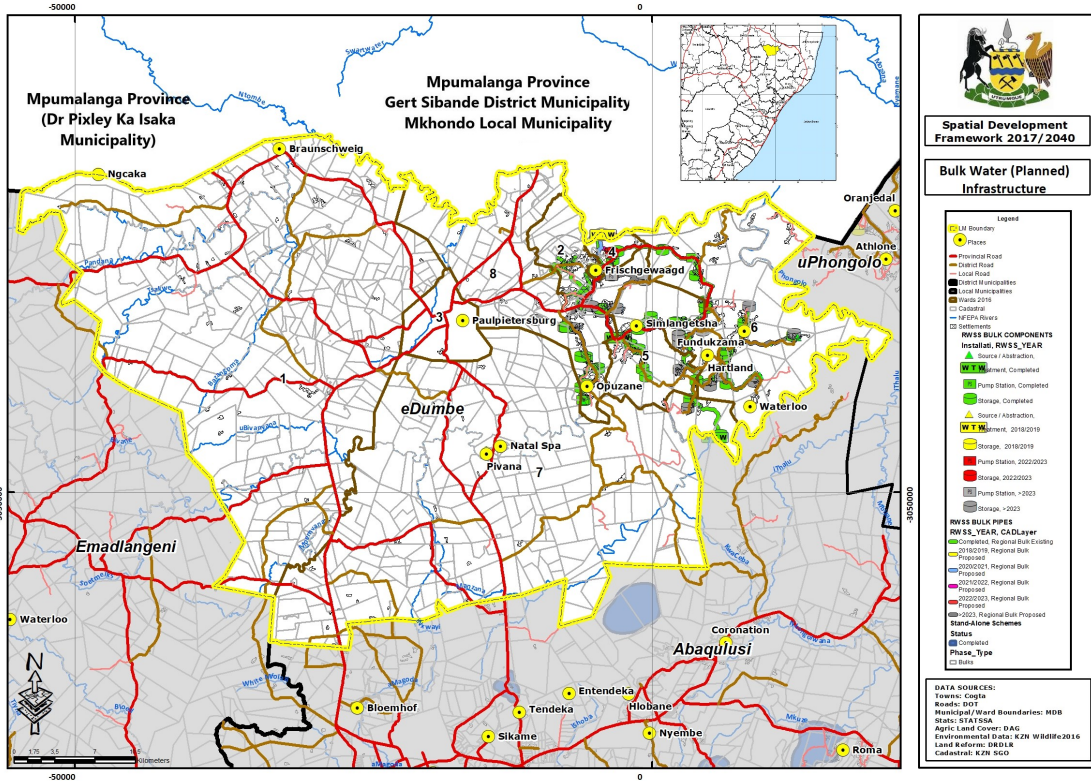
5.4 KEY FEATURES (INCLUDING COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE, ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, ETC.)



5.5 ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVE AREAS



6.6 LOCATION OF PRIORITY PROJECTS



6. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Map 1: eDumbe Locality Map

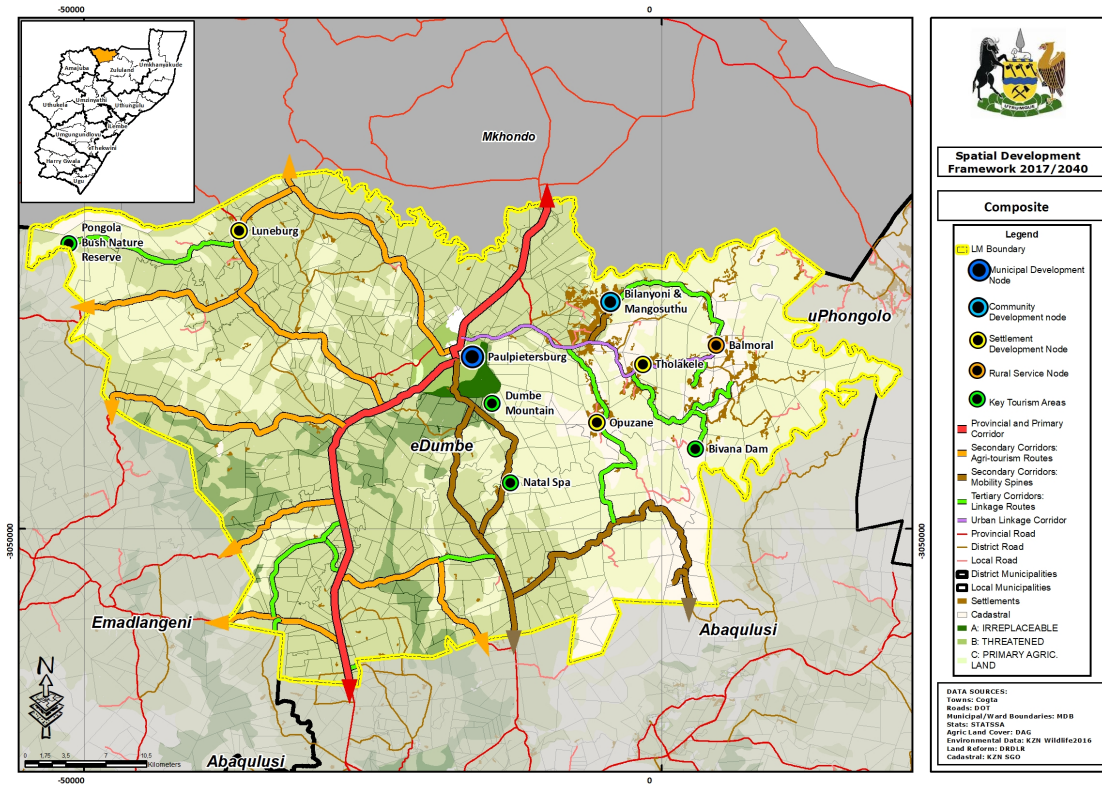


Table 1: eDumbe Demographic Statistics

Map 2: eDumbe Ward Map

Figure 1: eDumbe Total Number of Households

Figure 2: eDumbe Heads of Households

Table 2: eDumbe Economic Profile

